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**MSC BRIEFING** 

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POLAND

- I. Polish-Soviet relations may now have reached their most critical stage since October 1956.
  - A. Poland is only Bloc country that has not yet approved Wagy executions.
  - B. Poles have still not gotten into line with Bloc in bitter condemnation of Tito.
  - C. Unless Gomulka's attitude changes, showdown over these issues in near future between him and Kremlin seems inevitable.
- II. If Gomulka holds to his present course we believe Moscow will ultimately try to unseat him.
  - A. Moscow's strongest weapons are economic pressures and military force.
    - 1. Poland is dependent on the WSSR for most of its raw materials (iron ore, petroleum).
    - Polish Army, which probably loyal to regime, could not last long against forces available to Soviets.
  - B. However, Soviets have Hungarian experiences before them -- this time problem would be compounded by unstable East German situation.
  - C. Therefore, they probably prefer to oust Gomulka by political action, backing Polish Stalinist elements (Mazur, Dworakowski, Klosiewicz) in an attempt to regain control of the Polish party.
- III. Against such an attack, Gomulka could only with difficulty maintain his supremacy in party shaken by fears and uncertainties.

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- A. His most effective weapon is the strong anti-Sovietism of Polish party and people.
  - 1. Thus even a successful move to oust him runs the risk of serious internal disorders.
- IV. If Gowulka has not decided he must make a firm stand now, he may make relatively mid compromise statement on Magy question such as he did on Yugoslav issue.
  - A. Such a statement, however, would only postpone crisis and might not be acceptable to Moscow in its present wood.